2025年度 一般選抜 (英語・数学・国語)

受 験 学 科 等	試 験 教 科 (2教科試験)	試験時間
日本語学科 英米語学科 中国語学科 ホスピタリティ・ツーリズム学科 (観光専攻, GMM)	英語(リスニングを含む。)・国語	135分
経 済 学 科 不 動 産 学 科 ホスピタリティ・ツーリズム学科 (経営情報専攻)	英語(リスニングを含む。)<必須> 選択教科(国語・数学から1教科選択)	

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 試験問題は42ページあります。
- 3 試験中に問題冊子及び解答用紙の印刷不鮮明,ページの落丁・乱丁及び汚れ等に 気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
- 4 監督者の指示に従って、必ず解答用紙2枚すべての所定欄に**氏名、フリガナ、受験番号、生年月日**を記入し、マークしてください。また、選択教科の解答用紙は解答する教科をマークしてください。
- 5 上の表に従い2教科を解答してください。
- 6 受験番号, 教科が正しくマークされていない場合, 採点できないことがあります。
- 7 解答は、解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。例えば 20 と表示のある 解答箇所に対して3と解答する場合は、次の(例)のように**解答番号2**0の**解答欄**の 3をマークしてください。

(例)	解答 番号			解			2	\$			欄	•		
	20	[P]	M 2 1	I	М 4 Ш	™ 5	6	7 2	8	9	0	m L	門 米 山	

- 8 試験時間の最後の15分間で、音響設備を使って「リスニング」のテストを行います。解答番号は41番~50番です。
- 9 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してよいが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 10 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってはいけません。

2025年度 一般選抜 (英語)

受 験 学 科	試 験 教 科	試験時間
口腔保健学科	英語	75分

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
- 2 試験問題は15ページあります。
- 3 試験中に問題冊子及び解答用紙の印刷不鮮明,ページの落丁・乱丁及び汚れ等に 気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
- 4 監督者の指示に従って、必ず解答用紙の所定欄に**氏名、フリガナ、受験番号、生年月日**を記入し、マークしてください。また、解答用紙は解答する教科をマークしてください。
- 5 受験番号、教科が正しくマークされていない場合、採点できないことがあります。
- 6 解答は、解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。例えば 20 と表示のある 解答箇所に対して3と解答する場合は、次の(例)のように**解答番号**20の**解答欄**の 3をマークしてください。

(例)	解答 番号		解			答			欄					
	20	19 14	E 2		면 4 년	E 15	# 6 3	7 [s.l	8	F 93	(1) (1) (1)	<u>н</u>	*	

- 7 試験時間の最後の15分間で、音響設備を使って「リスニング」のテストを行います。解答番号は41番~50番です。
- 8 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してよいが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 9 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってはいけません。

(2/2)

英 語

Α.	各文 (1.~10.) を読み, () に入る最も適切な語句を①~④から一つ選
	びなさい。
1.	She enjoys all types of literature, but historical novels () particular are her
	favorite. 1
	① at ② for ③ in ④ on
2.	Please make sure that all the documents are submitted () the end of the
	day.
	① before ② until ③ up to ④ when
3.	I couldn't make out what the speaker was saying () his voice was unclear.
	3
	① because ② so ③ somehow ④ therefore
4.	Erika studied late into the night so that she () the difficult exam. 4
	① could pass ② had passed ③ passed ④ passes
г	After house of offert he madized that nothing () without a new approach
5.	After hours of effort, he realized that nothing () without a new approach.
	<u> </u>
	 can change has changed will change would change
	will change would change
6.	My sister no longer () in the city. She moved to a quieter town in the
Ο,	countryside.
	① has lived ② lives ③ living ④ will live

7.	The students () to understand the lesson better after the teacher's detailed explanation. 1 can 2 might 3 seem 4 should
8.	She hopes that her children () grow up to be responsible adults. 8 ① have to ② must ③ should ④ will
9.	I need a little more time () the report, as I'm almost done with it. 9 ① finish ② finished ③ finishes ④ to finish
10.	We can meet either on Tuesday or Wednesday, () day is more convenient for you. 10 each 2 every 3 when 4 whichever
В.	各文(11. ~ 20.)について、日本語の内容に合うように①~⑤の語句を並べかえ、空所を補いなさい。解答は(11)~ (20)に入れる語句の番号のみを答えなさい。ただし、文頭に使用すべき語も小文字で示しています。
11.	スティーブは仕事の成果に対する報酬がどのようなものかを尋ねました。 11 Steve asked ()()()()(11). ① performance ② rewarded ③ how ④ was ⑤ job
12.	私は退職後は静かに暮らしたいと思っていたので、今はめったに外出しませんし、訪問者もほとんどありません。 Since I have wanted to live quietly after retirement, I seldom go out, () ()()()()() now. ① hardly ② visitors ③ and ④ any ⑤ have

13.	プリンストン行きのチケットの価格は、予約の時期や乗る列車によって異なり
	ます。 13
	Ticket prices to Princeton () () (13) () () reserve
	and which train you take.
	① depending ② you ③ when ④ vary ⑤ on
14.	スミスさんはいつもオフィスをぴかぴかに保っています。 14
	Mr. Smith always () (14) () () ().
	① spotlessly ② keeps ③ his ④ clean ⑤ office
15.	君の助けなしには、私のプロジェクトは成功しなかったでしょう。 15
	Without your help, my () (15) () () ().
	① been ② project ③ have ④ successful ⑤ wouldn't
16.	今度の会議に必要な書類は、遅くても2日前までにすべてコピーしておかなけ
	ればなりません。 16
	All materials (16)()()()()need to be copied at
	least two days in advance.
	1) required 2 the 3 for 4 meeting 5 upcoming
17.	多くの子供たちは、サンタクロースが迷わずに自分たちの家にきてくれると信
	じています。
	Many children believe Santa Claus ()()(17)()
	() their houses without getting lost.
	① find ② to ③ his ④ way ⑤ will

18.	私は彼にその研究をやめないように説得して,もう一度やってみるように激励
	しました。 18
	I persuaded (18)()()()() his research and
	encouraged him to try again.
	① to ② him ③ up ④ give ⑤ not
19.	昨日ここにいた人が私にそう言いました。
	The person ()()()()(19) me so.
	① was ② yesterday ③ who ④ told ⑤ here
20.	夏休みにいとこに会う機会がありましたか? 20
	Did you (20)()()()() your cousin during the
	summer vacation?
	① an ② meet ③ to ④ opportunity ⑤ have
C.	各文 (21. ~ 30.) を読み, () に入る最も適切なものを①~④から一つ選
	びなさい。
21.	The committee's smooth () of the annual festival brought local people
	together.
	① observation ② orientation ③ obligation ④ organization
22.	To prepare for the upcoming competition, the coach () the athletes to
	practice daily. 22
	① insisted ② included ③ informed ④ instructed

23.	The newly released smartphone has received () reviews for its innovative
	features. 23
	① passive ② positive ③ protective ④ probable
24.	The team members worked () to finish the project without delay. 24
	① entirely ② awkwardly ③ actively ④ dully
25.	The () of the campaign is to reduce waste and promote recycling. 25 1 air 2 aim 3 area 4 arm
26.	The technician () the broken equipment to ensure everything was functioning well. ① repaired ② reformed ③ reduced ④ received
27.	The student () his teacher's mistake in a respectful way. 27 ① pointed out ② put out ③ passed out ④ pulled out
28.	The club members worked () to set up the event, demonstrating great teamwork.
29.	The board decided to () the proposed budget cuts. 29 ① send out for ② catch up with ③ look down on ④ go along with
30.	A: Would you like to join us for dinner tonight? B: (). I have a previous engagement. 30 1 I'd love to 2 Nice idea 3 Sounds good 4 Maybe next time

D. 英文を読み、(31. ~ 35.) の答えとして最も適切なものを①~④から一つ選びな さい。

In modern society, change is happening fast. New technologies are creating new kinds of jobs and future workers will need various kinds of skills for these jobs. The future is bright, so let's learn many skills and get our dreams!

According to UNICEF, there are four kinds of skills that students can learn. First, foundational skills, which are learned in school, support the development of many other skills. There are two main foundational skills, literacy and numeracy. Literacy refers to the ability to read and write. Numeracy means to be able to understand numbers. For example, a student who is good at math might be said to have high numeracy skills. Next, digital skills are the skills needed to use and understand technology such as searching for and managing information, communicating through the Internet in a safe way, and so on. Job-specific skills, also known as technical and vocational skills, are skills that we can use for jobs like computer programming and accounting. Finally, there are transferable skills. Transferable skills are also called life skills, soft skills, or 21st century skills. Transferable skills are essential because they connect all of the other skills together or in other words, as UNICEF reports, act as "the glue of all skills."

Transferable skills can be divided further into three categories: cognitive skills, social skills, and emotional skills. Cognitive skills have to do with thinking like the ability to solve problems, make decisions, or be creative. Social skills have to do with interaction with others such as communication and teamwork. Emotional skills focus on things like understanding a person's own emotions as well as others, dealing with stress, and being flexible.

Companies today have indicated that they are looking for people who can show they have transferable skills which are important for people's growth and success. Some of the soft skills that companies have reported as most important are communication, teamwork, problem-solving ability, planning and organization, leadership, time management, adaptability, creative thinking, self-management, productivity, initiative, and conflict resolution. In Japan, a business executive stated that the nation is moving from a system of lifetime employment to a skills-based employment system. This means that young people are working less time at one company than before. Therefore, developing transferable skills in addition to the other skills will make workers more attractive to companies. In this way, workers will find greater success in their careers.

31. Which of the following is TRUE?

31

- ① There are four main kinds of skills.
- 2) There are four kinds of transferable skills.
- ③ Digital skills connect all other skills.
- ④ Job-specific skills are "the glue of all skills."

32. According to the article, transferable skills are the same as ...

32

- 1 hard skills.
- ② soft skills.
- 3 technical skills.
- 4 vocational skills.

33. The writer would agree that cognitive skills include ...

33

- ① computer skills and accounting.
- literacy and numeracy.
- ③ critical and creative thinking.
- (4) communication and teamwork.

34. According to the article, workers in a skills-based employment system ...

34

① work for many years with one company.
② work for less time with one company.
③ want to return to the lifetime employment system.
④ want to avoid the lifetime employment system.

35. The best title for this article is ...
① Job Transfer.
② Companies Today.
③ UNICEF Policies.
④ Skills for Success.

One serious problem that the world currently faces is rising sea levels. Scientists agree that rising sea levels are linked to global warming. The Earth is now getting warmer because of human activities. People rely heavily on fossil fuels such as oil, gas, and coal as energy sources for their homes, transportation, and businesses. Using fossil fuels releases carbon dioxide (CO₂) into the atmosphere, or the air surrounding the Earth and 36, the Earth's temperature rises even more. Experts report that the climate is warming at a much faster rate than before. Rising sea levels are one of the biggest problems caused by global warming, and there are two main causes.

One main cause of rising sea levels is the melting of glaciers and ice sheets, which are large masses of ice that cover land. With global warming and increasing temperatures, this ice melts and flows into the ocean, making the 37. There has been a rapid decrease in the amount of ice in the Arctic. As temperatures rise around the world, more and more of the ice is lost. Even worse, melting ice itself adds to global warming. Why? Ice is white, so it reflects the sun's heat, while the surface of the ocean is dark, so it absorbs the sun's heat. 38, as ice melts, it becomes water, which absorbs heat, making the ocean warmer. This speeds the melting of the ice and the rising of the sea level.

The second cause of rising sea levels is that water expands as it gets warmer. As the temperature of the ocean rises, the ocean expands, even without any additional water from the melting ice. This causes sea levels to rise. Therefore, areas in coastal and low-lying areas may experience flooding. Island communities which lie low such as Tuvalu in the Pacific Ocean could disappear. Sadly, many islands, such as Kale and Rapita in the Solomon Islands, have already disappeared into the ocean. These islands were once home to many people. If the sea level rises by one meter, about 300 million people all

millions of people who live Rising sea levels have changed the lives of many people, such as those living in the Pacific Island Countries. Scientists report that the situation is only going 40 Global warming will continue, leading to even higher temperatures and rising sea levels. We need to take global warming seriously and cooperate if we hope to continue to live on Earth. 36 36. above all in contrast as a result to sum up 37 37. sun hotter sea level rise ice level increase temperatures stay the same 38. 38 Therefore In spite of this All of a sudden In the meantime 39 39. 1 along rivers 2 in hot desert areas (3) in deep mountain areas in coastal communities

over the world would have to leave their homes. Sea level rise is a big problem for the

- 40. ① to improve
 - ② to get worse
 - ③ to stay the same
 - 4 to become better

-- 12 --

40

F.	リスニ	ニング問題:英語を聴き, (41. ~ 50.)の答えとして最も適切なものを①~
	④から	5一つ選びなさい。放送は2回流れます。放送のあいだ,メモを取ってもか
	まいま	ません。
41.	Wh	y did the woman move to a new apartment?
	1	Her new apartment is closer to the station.
	2	Her old apartment was five years old.
	3	Her new apartment was built recently.
	4	Her old apartment was in a bad location.
42.	Wh	at will the woman do next?
	1	She will think about which circle or club to join.
	2	She will decide to join the tennis club.
	3	She will decide to join the dance circle.
	4	She will watch a dance performance with the man.
43.	Wh	ere are the man and the woman? 43
	1	At a museum.
	2	At an amusement park.
	3	At a shopping mall.
	4	At a train station.
44.	Wh	at are the man's plans for the spring vacation?
	1	He is going to Vietnam with a friend.
	2	He is traveling with the woman.
	3	He is planning to visit Osaka.
	4	He has yet to make plans for the vacation.

45.	Wh	at is the man's problem?	45
	1	He doesn't have enough time to study.	
	2	He dislikes his new job.	
	3	The woman wants his job.	
	4	The woman thinks he studies too much.	
			·
46.	Wh	at are the man and woman talking about?	46
	1	They are talking about the rooms in the man's apartment.	
	2	They are talking about reasons to get an animal.	
	3	They are talking about the man's new dog.	
	4	They are talking about why cats are best.	
47.	Wh	y is the woman unhappy?	47
T /,	1	Because the man won't buy her a smartphone.	
	2	Because her air conditioner is broken.	
	3		
	_	Because she probably needs to buy a new smartphone.	
	4	Because she thinks the man is wrong about technology.	
48.	Wh	ich of the following statements is TRUE?	48
	1	Hana must work on Tuesday and Wednesday.	
	2	Hana must work on the weekend.	
	3	Hana thinks her job is too busy.	
	4	Hana is a tourist guide for foreigners.	
49.	Ho	w does Martin feel?	49
101	(I)	He is worried and wants to stay home.	
	(2)	He is happy and used to living alone.	
	(3)	He is happy but worried about leaving home.	
	(4)	He is happy but worried about leaving nome. He is happy but worried about his part-time job.	
	141	THE IS TRADED ONE WOLLIEG ADOIL HIS DATT-HIME IOD.	

- 50. What is Anna going to do this weekend?
 - ① She is going to drive with her friends.
 - ② She is going to get her driver's license.
 - ③ She is going to buy a new car.
 - ④ She will go with her sister to the stores.

— 15 —

50